

18806. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 155 Bags \* \* \* (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. No. 32642. Sample Nos. 20906-L, 20907-L.)

LIBELS FILED: February 4, 1952, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 17 and December 6, 1951, from Leavenworth, Kans.

PRODUCT: 167 10-pound bags of flour at Baton Rouge, La., in possession of the Louis Levy Grocer Co., Ltd.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: March 5, 1952. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

#### MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS\*

18807. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 29 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. Nos. 32660, 32661. Sample Nos. 8337-L to 8339-L, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: February 15, 1952, Northern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 24, 1951, from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: Rice. 43 25-pound bags and 19 100-pound bags at Albany, N. Y., in possession of the Central Warehouse.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: April 10, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

18808. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 1 Carload \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32692. Sample No. 48222-L.)

LIBEL FILED: February 25, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 1, 1952, by the South Dakota Wheat Growers Assn., from Frankfort, S. Dak.

PRODUCT: 1 carload of wheat at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, and it was otherwise unfit for food by reason of the presence of musty wheat. (Examination disclosed that approximately 25 percent of the car had been plugged with insect-infested and musty wheat.)

DISPOSITION: February 27, 1952. The shipper, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and reprocessing. 70,680 pounds of the product were salvaged as fit for human consumption, and 36,080 pounds were denatured for use as stock feed.

\*See also No. 18832.